

Client	Realtor	Inspector
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		Integrity Inspections
		South West Florida
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Date	of	Inspection:	
Dale	OI.	111506611011.	

Time of Inspection:

Square Feet: 4632

Year Built: 2004

Weather Conditions: Sunny

Inspections Scheduled: ☐Full Inspection

Four Point

Wind Mitigation

Thermal Imaging

Mold

Dock

Lift





# **Summary Page**

#### **ITEMS NOT OPERATING:**

- 1. Pool heater
- 2. Pool air switch for the equipment
- 3. Two burners on the cooktop
- 4.
- 5.

#### **MAJOR CONCERNS:**

- 1. Moisture content is high in the middle bedroom. The sprinkler is the cause of this problem.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Items that are in need of immediate attention or in the very near future.

#### **POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARDS:**

- 1. Leaking propane tank
- 2. Exposed wiring for pool light
- 3.
- 4.

## **DEFERRED COST/MAINTENANCE ITEMS:**

- 1. Leaking water heater
- 2. HVAC systems based on age.
- 3. Garage side doors
- 4. The dryer vent is not connected.

These are items that have reached or are reaching their normal life expectancy or show indications that they may require repair or replacement anytime during the next 5 years.

#### **Grounds**

Our inspection of the Exterior includes the surface water runoff, sidewalks, patios, driveways, and retaining walls that are integral to the structure. The grading of the soil should allow for surface and roof water to flow away from the foundation. All concrete slabs experience some degree of cracking due to shrinkage in the drying process or minor settlement. This inspection does not address any geological conditions or site stability information. For information concerning these conditions, a soils engineer should be retained. This visual inspection does not include conditions of septic systems or any other underground piping or tubing. When crawl spaces, decks, and porches are built close to the ground and are not accessible they are excluded from the inspection and will not be addressed in our report.

## **LOT AREA**

Soil erosion
Negative grading
Standing water and ponding observed
Trees too close to home = possible problems with foundation.
Trim trees / brushes which are in contact with home.
Cracked walks or driveway, possible trip hazard
Uneven risers on stoops or steps
Railing and or balusters recommended
Wood in contact with ground.





## **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

Several of the sprinkler heads will need adjusted and cleaned. Some of the sprinklers are hitting the wall. See wall sections for moisture content on the interior walls.

There is a small amount of soil erosion near the pool deck on the right side and the downspout is crushed.



Screen doors do not open or close properly

Paint problems, rotted wood, and / or wood to earth contact

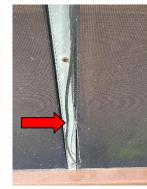
Settlement or separation from the house

Problems with underside, if accessible

Cracks and / or signs of settling in poured concrete











#### **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

There are a couple holes in the screens and several of the splines are lose (red arrow).

One of the tension wires is loose. This should be tightened.

The pool heater is not working the buried propane tank is leaking. The tank will need serviced before it can be used again.

The pool air switch is not working properly. The equipment does not turn on and off with this broken switch.



## **Exterior & Structure**

The inspection of the exterior of the building includes chimneys, gutters, scuppers, siding, trim, soffit, fascia, flashing, caulking, and windows. Any hidden areas which would include framing and foundations or anything behind finished walls or stored items cannot be evaluated and are not a part of this inspection. Minor cracks or shrinkage cracks are typical of all concrete, these cracks are inevitable and in most cases do not represent a structural failure. Cracks that separate more than a ¼ inch should be examined by a structural engineer.

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	Evidence of wood decay Crawl space shows signs of dampness and / or leakage Cracks, flaking, soft mortar or damaged masonry Water stains and efflorescence (chalky substance) Bowing, bulging or other deficiencies Not visible	
COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:		
No Deficiencies		

# **EXTERIOR WALLS**

Cracks in masonry
Damage or decay of siding or trim
Trim does not fit tightly at joints and poor caulking
Exposed foundation
Exposed or undercut footer
Cracks, holes, or deflections in the stucco material
Loose, missing or rotten siding
Deteriorated paint
Bowing, bulging or leaning
No anti siphon or problems with hose bibs



## **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

The exterior walls are in good condition.	



# **Roofing Components**

The purpose of the roof inspection is to visually find evidence of current leakage through the roof covering, where accessible, from various areas of structure. We examine the roofing material for damage and deterioration. The overall condition and any specific deficiencies are also noted. Flashings, shingles, tiles, vents, skylights, gutters and workmanship are all checked. The estimated age and remaining life are noted. We may offer opinions concerning repair and/or replacement if warranted. Opinions stated herein concerning the roofing material are based on the general condition of the roof system as evidence by our visual inspection. These do not constitute a warranty that the roof is or will remain, free of leaks. All roofing systems require annual maintenance. Failure to perform routine maintenance will usually result in leaks and accelerated deterioration of the roof covering and flashings. When provided, our estimates of the roof's life expectancy are based on the assumption that the roof will be properly maintained during that period. The only way to determine whether a roof is absolutely watertight is to observe it during a prolonged rainfall. Many times, this situation is not present during the inspection and we cannot confirm this condition. We suggest that an annual inspection of the Attic area be performed where accessible to identify if any leaks are evident. Our inspection of chimneys (if present) is a visual examination of the surface materials to determine general condition. There should be no more than 2 layers of roofing material. If more than two layers of roofing exist and re-roofing is required, all of the old roofing should be removed as part of the reroofing.

## **ROOF**

2+ layers of roofing material present
Missing shingles or roof covering
Damaged plywood
Truss or rafter damage
Plywood rot (typically near gutters)
Evidence of leaks or water stains / dampness underside of roof
Roof replacement recommended
Vents not open and properly vented
Other problems with roof vents (vent stacks / ridge vents)
Cracks or problems to masonry chimney
Plumbing vents exposed or deteriorated
Sag between rafters and /or trusses
Deterioration of asphalt shingles, such as curling, broken edges, rounded corners or wide slits
Flashing separated or needs resealing
Valley metal rusted or not painted
Skylights cracked or broken







I found one broken tile to the right of the entryway.

The roof should be cleaned but it is in good condition. I found no evidence of a leak.

## **SOFFIT AND FASCIA**

Missing / damaged sections of soffit / fascia
Paint problems on wood soffit and / or fascia
Rot and / or decay of soffit and / or fascia

## **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

No Deficiencies

GUTTI	ERS AND DOWNSPOUT'S
	Gutters do not slope down toward downspouts Rust or peeling paint Leaks Loose or sagging sections Gutters &/or Downspouts are clogged with debris Downspouts are not extended away from the foundation / or missing splash blocks



One downspout extension is crushed but the gutters are in good condition otherwise.

## **Attic**

Our inspection of the Attic includes a visual examination of the roof framing, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical systems. There are often heating ducts, bathroom vent ducts, electrical wiring, chimneys and appliance vents in the Attic. We examined these systems and components for proper function, unusual wear and general state of repair, leakage, venting and unusual or improper improvements. When low clearances and deep insulation prohibits walking in an unfinished Attic, inspection will be from the access opening only. Vaulted ceilings cannot be inspected.

## ATTIC, ATTIC ACCESS, VENTILATION, & INSULATION

	Attic access < 14" x 22"
	Framing around access door in need of repair
	Access cover is missing or damaged
$\boxtimes$	Pull down stairs not present
	Pull down stairs not working properly
	Attic Ventilation inadequate
	Ceiling insulation not recommended type or depth
	Improper ventilation at soffits, gable, and/or ridge







The insulation is R-19 and is in good condition.

# **Interior Components**

Our inspection of the Interior includes a visual inspection of the readily accessible portions of the walls, ceilings, floors, doors, cabinetry, countertops, steps, stairways, balconies and railings. All accessible windows and electrical receptacles are inspected. These features are examined for proper function, excessive wear and general state of repair. In some cases, all or portions of these components may not be visible because of furnishings and personal items. In these cases some of the items may not be inspected. The condition of walls behind wall coverings, paneling and furnishings cannot be judged. Only the general condition of visible portions of floors is included in this inspection. As a general rule, cosmetic deficiencies are considered normal wear and tear and are not reported. Determining the source of odors or like conditions is not a part of this inspection. Floor covering damage or stains may be hidden by furniture. The condition of floors underlying floor coverings is not inspected. Determining the condition of insulated glass windows is not always possible due to temperature, weather and lighting conditions. All fireplaces should be cleaned and inspected on a regular basis to make sure that no cracks have developed. Large fires in the firebox can overheat the firebox and flue liners, sometimes resulting in internal damage.

#### **FLOORS**

Wear, damage, evenness and / or sponginess
Gap between baseboards and floor
Replacement or refinish needed soon
Handrails on stairs are not properly attached or not sturdy
Problems at transitions where one floor material joins another (e.g., tile to carpet)
Deteriorated coverings or chipped / cracked tiles
Water staining or other damage
Sloping or sagging
Carpet not properly stretched
Carpet stains







The wood floor is damaged in a few spots.

The carpet in the front left hand bedroom is stained and damaged from a dog.

I found several cracks in the tile (Foyer, laundry).

## **WALLS**

Walls are not plum
Cracked or loose plaster / drywall
Physical damage and / or previous repair evident
Drywall seams or nails showing
Excessive nail holes in drywall from wall art
Gap between baseboards and wall
Stains or Mold, Mildew, Fungi like growth]



## **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

There is high moisture content in the middle bedroom wall. This is probably due to the sprinkler hitting the wall. They need to be adjusted.

#### **DOORS AND WINDOWS**

	Windows and doors do not work properly Finish failure and / or rotted wood on doors, windows and / or trim	
Ħ	Broken / Cracked glass	
Ħ	Screens not present Damaged screens	
Ħ	Gaps or openings around the window(s) that need to be caulked	
	Loose putty at glazed openings	
	Hardware and moving parts do not operate and / or are not lubricated properly	

Damage to or loose weather stripping
Problems with joints and / or caulk
Problems with caulking at doors, windows, and / or other openings and joints between different
materials
Problems with paint or caulking, and / or rotted wood components
Closet doors inoperable or off track
Stains or Mold, Mildew, Fungi like growth







The garage side door (blue arrows) rubs and jamb and has several rot problems.

The weather stripping for the interior garage door is ripped and is allows air to pass by. It should be replaced.

I found one damaged blind.

CEIL	INGS
	Cracks or loose, sagging plaster / drywall. Stains, mechanical damage and / or evidence of previous repair. Seams or nails showing?
COM	MENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:
No	Deficiencies
Inspetthe a device acce are in active proper often tub/s all gr	chen & Bathrooms  action of kitchen appliances determines apparent proper working order. No opinion is offered as to dequacy of dish washer operation, accuracy of refrigerator or oven temperatures, clocks, timing sees, or lights. Our inspection of the bathrooms included a visual examination of the readily essible portions of the floors, walls, ceilings, cabinets, countertops and plumbing fixtures. Bathrooms appected for water drainage, damage, deterioration to floor and walls, proper function of components are leakage, unusual wear and general state of repair. Vent fans and their ductwork are tested for their er operation and examined where visible. Shower pans are visually checked for leakage, but leaks do not show except when the shower is in actual use. Determining whether shower pans, hower surrounds are watertight is beyond the scope of this inspection. It is very important to maintain out and caulking in the bath areas. Very minor imperfections can allow water to get into the wall or areas and cause damage. Proper ongoing maintenance will be required in the future.
KIIC	THENS AND BATHROOMS
Raper	efrigerator not present
□St	aining and / or rot under counter-tops abinet doors and drawers do not operate properly









The kitchen is in good condition.

The cooktop front burners do not stay on like the rear burners do. These burners should be repaired or the cooktop replaced.

The whirlpool tub is working well.

The Jack and Jill bathtub overflow is lose. This should be tightened.

# **Electrical Systems & Components**

Our examination of electrical system inspection is to visually assess the condition of components of the hardwired systems located within the confines of the structure. Items such as switches, receptacles, light fixtures, exhaust fans, breakers are checked for normal wear. We inspect all crawl spaces and attics and check for property grounding and wiring. Panel covers are removed to inspect mains and branch wiring and all wiring to water heaters and air conditioning equipment is inspected. Finally, all lighting fixtures and smoke alarms are tested for proper use. The hidden nature of the electrical wiring prevents inspection of every length of wire or their connections. Telephone, video, cable, audio, security systems and other low voltage systems were not included in this inspection unless specifically noted. Operation of time clock motors is not verified. Inoperative light fixtures often lack bulbs or have dead bulbs installed. Light bulbs are not changed during the inspection, due to time constraints. Smoke Alarms should be installed within 10 feet of all Bedroom doors and in Bedrooms. These units should be tested monthly.

## **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

	Electrical service out-dated & not updated (1960 or older)
	Main service is insufficient or < 100 amp
	More than one breaker must be tripped to disconnect the power at main panel
	Main panel not grounded
	Aluminum branch circuits
	Exposed wiring
	Poor condition of cords to appliances
	Smoke detectors not working properly Smoke detectors need new batteries
	Electrical outlets not working or wired incorrectly
	Light switches not working
	Bedrooms not equipped with Arc Fault Circuit Interrupter (AFCI)
	☐All ☐Some / Kitchen outlets are not Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets
	☐All ☐Some / Bathroom outlets are not Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets
	Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets not working
	$\underline{lue}$ All $lue$ Some / Exterior Receptacles are not Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets
	Exterior Receptacles missing weather plate
_	$\underline{lack}$ All $lack{lack}$ Some / Garage Receptacles are not Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets
Γ	Interior Receptacles missing cover plate







## **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

There are several bulbs that need replaced in the house. (Pool, shower area, exterior by condensers)

The electric panels appear to be in good condition.

The exposed electric for the pool light is a safety hazard. This should be covered up.



# **Heating & Cooling System**

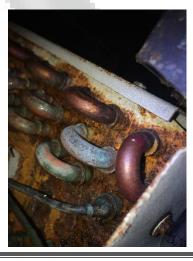
The purpose of mechanical (heating, air conditioning and ventilation) inspection is to visually assess the condition of cooling and heating systems of the structure. Accessible ductwork, registers, filters, condensing units, air handlers, coils and thermostats are also inspected. A general size evaluation is made, as well as, temperature differences, insulation quality and compressor functions. General capacity formulas are used to determine possible inefficiencies or inadequacies. However, the cooling supply distribution balance is not inspected and pressure tests on coolant systems are not conducted. Therefore no representation is made regarding coolant charge or line integrity. Cooling systems are not dismantled in any way. Secured access covers are not removed. The interior components of evaporators, condensers and heat pumps are not viewed. - The interior conditions of cooling components are not evaluated. Energy efficiency, leaking air ducts, and the presence of leaking refrigerant lines, heat pump oil, etc., are outside the scope of this inspection. Inspector will not activate cooling / heating systems when ambient / exterior temperatures or other circumstances are not conducive to safe operation, or may damage the equipment. Cooling will not be inspected when temperatures are below approx. 60° Fahrenheit. Heating will not be inspected when temperatures are above approx. 80° Fahrenheit. Window and/or wall mounted air conditioning units are not inspected. Thermostat calibration is not verified.

#### **HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM**

Dirty or corroded coils through main intake
Dirty or damaged cooling fins on compressor
One or more rooms do not have an AC vent
Type, style and age of cooling system inadequate (1 ton per 500 sq ft)
Inadequate temperature reading at register(s) – (15 degree temp drop after 5 min)
Cracks and / or signs of settling of concrete slab under outside unit
Problems with filters, humidifiers and dehumidifiers
Missing or deteriorated insulation on return line(s) condenser to air handler
Corrosion of copper components in HVAC consistent with Chinese Drywall















The HVAC systems are original to the home. I found mold on the exterior of the units which is common when the unit is in the garage. This should be cleaned. The interior of the air handler is corroded which is also common with the age of the units. Both units are working well and have a 15 degree temperature change from supply to return. The filters are dirty and should be changed.

# **Plumbing Systems**

Our Inspection of the plumbing system includes a visual examination of the exposed portions of the domestic water supply, drain waste, vent, gas lines, faucets, fixtures, valves, drains, traps, exposed pipes and fittings. These items are examined for proper function, excessive or unusual wear, leakage and general state of repair. The hidden nature of piping prevents inspection of every pipe and joint connection, especially in walls, floors and ceiling voids. Faucets are run simultaneously to check for adequate water flow and pressure. Fixtures are tested using normal operating controls. A sewer lateral test is necessary to determine the condition of the underground sewer lines. This type of test is beyond the scope of this inspection. Our review of the plumbing system does not include landscape irrigation systems, water wells, on site and/or private water supply systems, off site community water supply systems, or private (septic) waste disposal systems unless specifically noted. Our inspection of the water heater includes a visual examination of the accessible portions of the tank, gas, electrical and/or water connections, venting and safety valves. These items are examined for proper function, excessive or unusual wear, leakage and general state of repair.

#### **PLUMBING SYSTEM**

Problems with shut off valves
Problems with gas lines
Leakage or corrosion of faucets, hose bibs, valve stools, sinks and / or water heater
Evidence of plumbing leaks (other than above)
Faucets not working properly and / or leak
Insufficient water pressure
Slow draining sink(s)
Slow draining tub(s) / shower(s)
Problems with toilet(s)
Material around water heater is blocking air flow
Water heater vent is obstructed
Water heater missing a temperature pressure relief Valve (TPR valve)* or it does not discharge to outside. Also called a safety release valve (SRV)

	Rust and / or corrosion of water supply piping and / or drains Corrosion of piping consistent with Chinese Drywall = [see below] Plumbing penetrations not sealed



The water heater is working but does have a small leak. The water heater will need to be replaced to fix this problem.

The circulating pump is working well.

# Laundry Room / Garage / Carport

The Garage is inspected if possible. However, if the house is not vacant at the time of inspection, we are often limited by parked cars and / or personal stored items. Determining the heat resistance rating of firewalls and doors is beyond the scope of this inspection. Flammable materials should not be stored within the Garage area if possible. Inspection of appliances (washer / dryer) determines apparent proper working order. No opinion is offered as to the adequacy of washer or dryer operation, accuracy of temperatures, clocks, timing devices, lights, etc.

#### LAUNDRY ROOM &/or GARAGE / CARPORT

Overhead door in disrepair		
	space	
☐Problems with side access door		
☐Moisture / Mildew in garage		
☐Garage door opener not present	☐Garage door opener does not operate prop	erly
☐ Garage Receptacles are not Ground	d fault circuit interrupter (GFI) outlets	
	☐Problem(s) with washer	
☐Dryer not present	☐Problem(s) with dryer	
☐Corrosion of metal components in a	ppliances consistent with Chinese Drywall	





The washer and dryer are working. The dryer is not connected to the vent and is blowing moist warm air into the room. The bottom of the dryer is rusted.

The caulking around the laundry tub will need redone.

## Miscellaneous

This section is specifically for any observations made by the inspector that are not covered in the above sections.

#### **COMMENTS OR SAFETY HAZARDS:**

Your home is usually the single most expensive investment you will ever make. Don't neglect that investment. Many components of your home require regular scheduled maintenance. Others should be monitored regularly for uneven or irregular wear, corrosion, strain, etc. Often catching issues early can result in significant savings on repairs. We recommend that every home be inspected top to bottom AT LEAST every 3 years.